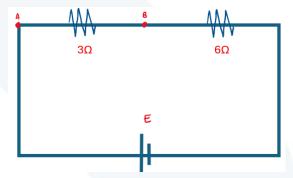
- 1. A light bulb with resistance of 2 ohms is connected to a 4-V battery. What is the current flowing through the circuit?
- 0.5 A a.
- b. 5 A
- 2 A C.
- d. 1 A
 - 2. Equivalent resistance of four 4Ω resistance in parallel is?
- 4Ω a.
- b. 1Ω
- 2Ω c.
- d.



- carpet and the balloon becomes positively charged. Which of following explains the positive charge on the balloon?
- electrons are transferred from carpet to balloon
- protons are transferred from balloon to carpet
- protons are transferred from carpet C. to balloon.
- electrons are transferred from balloon to carpet.

- 4. A device that can detect small changes in magnetic fields is a
- isochron a.
- b. magnetometer
- polarimeter c.
- iron oxide d.
 - 5. Work done to bring a charge of +1C from a point A to another point B is 50J. Now it is taken to infinity from point B and the work done is 40J then Potential of point
 - A is
- -50V a.
- b. -40V
- 90V c.
- d. =90V
 - 6. If V(A) V(B) = 9V, then the value of E is_



- 12V a.
- 18V b.
- 27V c.
- d. 30V



- 7. If an object is resting on a table with no motion, what two forces are acting on the object?
- a. A force down from gravity and friction from the table.
- b. A force up from the table and a force down from the atmosphere.
- c. A force down from gravity and a force up from the table.
- d. A force down from the atmosphere and a force up from gravity.
 - 8. What is the difference between kinetic energy and potential energy?
- a. kinetic energy is stored energy that has the capacity to do work, and potential energy is the energy of motion
- b. kinetic energy is energy that an object possesses as a result of its location, and potential is the same as heat energy
- c. kinetic energy can be converted into various forms of energy, whereas potential energy can only be transformed into heat energy
- d. kinetic energy is energy of a moving object, whereas potential energy is energy possessed by matter as a result of its location or structure
 - 9. Which ONE of the following pairs of physical quantities consists of two scalars?
- a. Speed and distance
- b. Speed and acceleration
- c. Displacement and velocity
- d. Velocity and acceleration

10. The pointer on a compass is the north pole of a small magnet. If a compass was placed next to a bar magnet, as shown below, what will be the correct direction of the pointer?



a.



b.



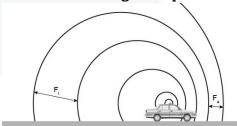
C.

d.



- 11. Two forces act simultaneous on box so that the resultant force is 120N East. If one of the forces is 70 N West, what will be other force?
- a. 190N East
- b. 190 N West
- c. 50 N East
 - d. 50 N West
 - 12. What is the law of incidence in reflection?
- a. The angle of incidence is equal to the angle of reflection
- b. The angle of incidence is greater than the angle of reflection
- c. The angle of incidence is smaller than the angle of reflection
- d. The angle of incidence is unrelated to the angle of reflection

- 13. Why does light stay inside an optical fiber over long distances?
- a. Due to refraction
- b. Due to diffraction
- c. Due to total internal reflection
- d. Due to reflection
 - 14. What does the diagram represent?



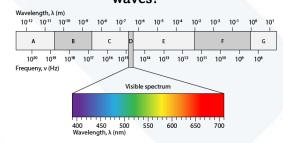
- a. the actual shift in frequency of sounds waves by a moving object
- b. the apparent shift in frequency of sounds waves by a moving object
- c. the actual shift in frequency of sounds waves by a stationary object
- d. the apparent shift in frequency of sounds waves by a stationary object
 - 15. If a wave has a frequency of 10 Hz and a wavelength of 100 m, what is its velocity?
- a. 10 m/s
- b. 20 m/s
- c. 100 m/s
- d. 1000 m/s

- 16. A block weighing 15N rests on a flat surface and a horizontal force of 3N is exerted on it. Determine the frictional force on the block.
- a. 0.3N
- b. 0.5N
- c. 3N
- d. 5N
 - 17. After a cannonball is fired into frictionless space, the amount of force needed to keep it going is equal

to _____

• • •

- a. twice the force with which it was fired
- b. 1/2 the force with which it was fired
- c. 1/4 the force with which it was fired
- d. zero, since no force is required to keep it moving.
 - 18. The diagram shows the electromagnetic spectrum. Which letters represent radio and gamma waves?



- a. A, F
- b. F, C
- c. G, A
- d. C, G

- 19. Under constant temperature, the pressure of a gas is inversely proportional to the volume, according to which gas law?
- a. Charles' Law
- b. Boyle's Law
- c. Gay-Lusaac's Law
- d. Combined Gas Law
 - 20. A 10-kg rock is thrown up. It is moving at 9 m/s. What is its potential energy at the top? (Hint: conservation of energy)
- a. 405 J
- b. 300 J
- c. 1000 J
- d. 500 J
 - 21. An object is released from rest at a height of 25 m. Calculate the time it takes to fall to the ground.
- a. 0.25 s
- b. 0.10 s
- c. 2.5 s
- d. 2.26 s
 - 22. An outfielder is practicing catching pop-up fly balls. He throws the baseball straight up with a velocity of +15 m/s. At what height will it reach its peak, if it falls back to his mitt, at the same height he released the ball, in 3 s?
- a. 45 m
- b. 22.5 m
- c. 11.5 m
- d. 10 m

- 23. The product of a force and the length of time the force is applied to an object is called_____, and it causes a change in its momentum.
- a. velocity
- b. interval
- c. impulse
- d. work
 - 24. Two trucks each have a mass of 3000 kg. The gravitational force between the trucks is 4.00 × 10^-5 N. One truck is then loaded with 1000 kg of rock. What would be the new gravitational force between the two trucks??
- a. 5.75.00 × 10^-5 N
- b. 6.50 × 10⁻⁵ N
- c. 4.75 × 10^-5 N
- d. 5.33 × 10^-5 N
 - 25. On the diagram of the euglena, what is the name & primary function of structure I?
- a. Flagellum propelling
- b. Paraflagellar body storage of waste
- c. Reservoir housing and storage of nutrients and waste
- d. Nucleus control



a.

b.

c.

d.

9 V

- 26. How much energy is stored in a spring with a spring constant of 350 N/m if it is compressed a distance of 74 cm?
- 29. How much voltage will this battery set-up provide if each of the four is a 1.5 V battery?

- a. 12950 J
- b. 95.8 J
- c. 129.5 J
- d. 131.25 J

- 1.5 V 3 V 6 V
- 27. A water bed that is 1.5 m wide and 2.5 m long weighs 1055 N.

 Assuming the entire lower surface of the bed is in contact with the floor, what is the pressure the bed exerts on the floor?
- a. 250 Pa
- b. 260 Pa
- c. 270 Pa
- d. 280 Pa
 - 28. A wire of radius r has resistance R. If it is stretched to a radius of 3r/4, its resistance becomes...
- a. 9R/16
- b. 16R/9
- c. 81R/256
- d. 256R/81

- 30. When a generator converts mechanical energy to electrical energy, some of it is lost in the form of heat. The ratio of the useful output to its input is called a generator's _____.
- a. power
- b. efficiency
- c. range
- d. functionality